Reg. No.:	
100g. 110	

Question Paper Code: 30515

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2022.

First Semester

Civil Engineering

MA 3151 - MATRICES AND CALCULUS

(Common to: All Branches (Except Marine Engineering))

(Regulations 2021)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Two eigen values of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ are 3 and 0. Find the third eigen value and also find the product of eigen values of A.
- 2. Write the quadratic form corresponding to the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 3. Find the domain of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 x}$.
- 4. Prove that $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{|x|}{x}$ does not exist.
- 5. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, if $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$.
- 6. If $u = \frac{y^2}{x}$ and $v = \frac{x^2}{y}$, then find the Jacobian $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$.
- 7. Evaluate $\int \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin^3 \theta} d\theta$ by the method of substitution.

- 8. Determine the following integral is convergent or divergent. $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{x} dx$.
- 9. Evaluate $\int_{1}^{2} \int_{2}^{5} [xy] dxdy$.
- 10. Find the limits of the integration $\iint_{R} f(x,y) dxdy$ where R is the region bounded by the lines x = 0, y = 0 and x + y = 2.

PART B —
$$(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$$

- 11. (a) (i) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ (8)
- (ii) Using Cayley-Hamilton theorem, find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}. \tag{8}$$

Or

- (b) Reduce the quadratic form $8x_1^2 + 7x_2^2 + 3x_3^4 12 x_1x_2 8x_2x_3 + 4x_3x_1$ to the canonical form through an orthogonal transformation. (16)
- 12. (a) (i) Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = \frac{e^x}{(1+x^2)}$ at the point (1,e/2).
 - (ii) Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x) = \log(x^2 + x + 1)$ in [-1, 1]. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Show that the function f(x) is continuous on $(-\infty,\infty)$ $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 x^2; & x \le 1 \\ \log x; & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$ (8)
 - (ii) Find the local maxima and minima for the function of the curve $y = x^4 4x^3$. (8)

13. (a) (i) If
$$u = \sin^{-1} \left[\frac{x^3 - y^3}{x + y} \right]$$
 then prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2 \tan u$. (8)

(ii) Find the maximum and minimum values of
$$f(x, y) = x^2 - xy + y^2 - 2x + y$$
. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Using Taylor's series, expand $f(x,y) = x^2y + \sin y + e^x$ upto the second degree terms at the point $(1,\pi)$. (8)
 - (ii) A rectangular box open at the top is to have a volume of 32 cc. Find the dimensions of the box requiring the least material for its construction. (8)
- 14. (a) (i) Evaluate $\int x^2 e^x dx$ by using integration by parts. (8)

(ii) Evaluate
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{3x^2 + x - 2}}$$
 (8)

Or

(b) (i) Evaluate
$$\int \frac{x+4}{6x-7-x^2} dx$$
. (8)

(ii) Evaluate
$$\int_{-\pi/4}^{\pi/4} [\tan^2 x \sec^2 x] dx$$
 (8)

- 15. (a) (i) Change the order of integration in $\int_{0}^{a} \int_{x}^{a} (x^{2} + y^{2}) dy dx$ and hence evaluate it. (8)
 - (ii) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dxdy$ by changing into polar coordinates. (8)

Or

(b) (i) Evaluate $\iint (x^2y + xy^2) dxdy$ over the area between $y = x^2$ and y = x.

(ii) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{x} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{x+y}} [z] dz dy dx.$$
 (8)